

# NEW HOPE-LAMBERTVILLE TOLL BRIDGE

## PAVEMENT REHABILITATION USING COLD IN-PLACE FOAMED ASPHALT RECYCLING

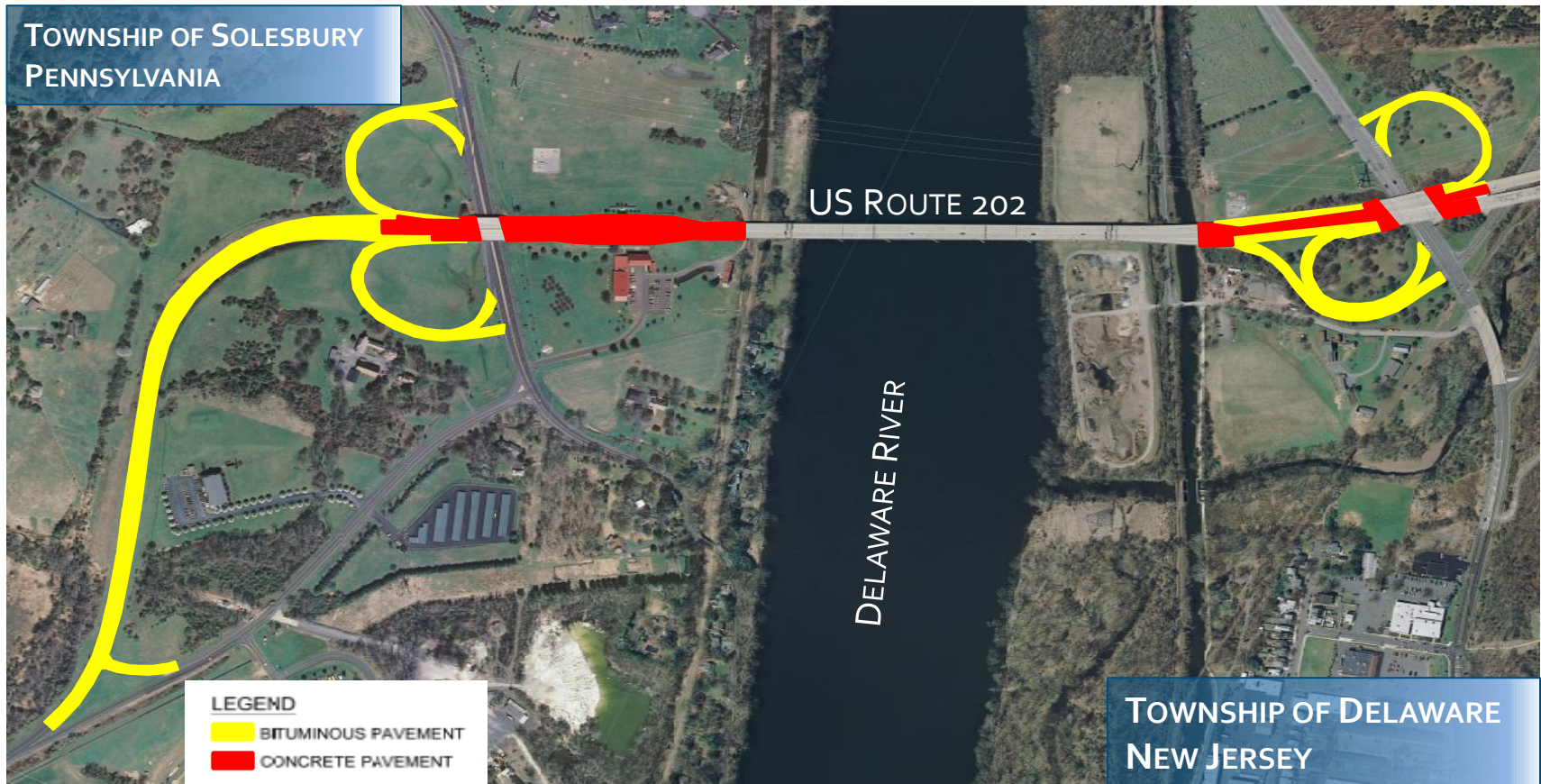


**PRESENTED BY:**

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# NEW HOPE-LAMBERTVILLE TOLL BRIDGE FACILITY



- ROUTE 202 MAINLINE- 2800 LF
- 5 RAMPS- 1000 +/- LF EACH
- MISC. SHOULDER AREAS
- ADT – 18,000 ~
  - TRUCK = 6.1 %

# HMA DATA

- 33,000 SQUARE YARDS
- US ROUTE 202 TRAVEL LANES- 7"-11"
- US ROUTE 202 SHOULDERS- 3"-6"
- PA RAMPS- 3"-6"
- NJ RAMPS- 3.5"-5"

# HMA DEFECTS



# DRJTBC DESIGN GOALS

- 15-YEAR DESIGN LIFE
- PREFERRED NO CHANGE IN ROAD ELEVATIONS
- MINIMIZE TRAFFIC DISRUPTION

# DESIGN ISSUES

- PAVEMENT FAILURE ON 202 MAINLINE
- DETERIORATION & SUBSTANDARD HMA THICKNESS ON PA RAMPS (3"-6" EXISTING VS 7" REQUIRED)
- SUBSTANDARD HMA THICKNESS ON NJ RAMPS (3.5"-5" EXISTING VS 7" REQUIRED)
- SELECTED APPROACH: FULL DEPTH RECONSTRUCTION BUT EVALUATE ALTERNATIVE OF FULL DEPTH RECYCLING

# WHY CONSIDER RECYCLING?



- PRIOR PILOT PROJECT IN MONMOUTH COUNTY (OAK GLEN RD., HOWELL TWP.)



# WHY CONSIDER RECYCLING?

## VIRGINIA DOT I-81



- COLD-IN-PLACE RECYCLE WITH SUBBASE STABILIZATION
- DEPTH 5 INCHES
- FOAMED ASPHALT
- LOW IMPACT TRAFFIC CONTROL



# WHY CONSIDER RECYCLING?

## VIRGINIA DOT I-81

### ORIGINAL DESIGN- CONVENTIONAL RECONSTRUCTION

- DURATION 24 MONTHS
- COST ESTIMATE \$42 M

### RECYCLING OPTION

- DURATION 4 MONTHS
- COST \$ 7.6 M

# WHY CONSIDER FOAMED ASPHALT

- USES AC (PG 64-22) – NOT EMULSION SO LESS WATER IS INTRODUCED
- “CURING” TIME REDUCED FROM SEVERAL DAYS (UP TO A WEEK) DOWN TO NEXT DAY OR EVEN HOURS (CALTRANS 2-4 HRS). ALLOWS EXPEDITED WEARING COURSE CONSTRUCTION AND/OR REOPENING TO TRAFFIC.
- ROUTE 202 WEARING COURSE PLACED NEXT DAY.

# "CURING"

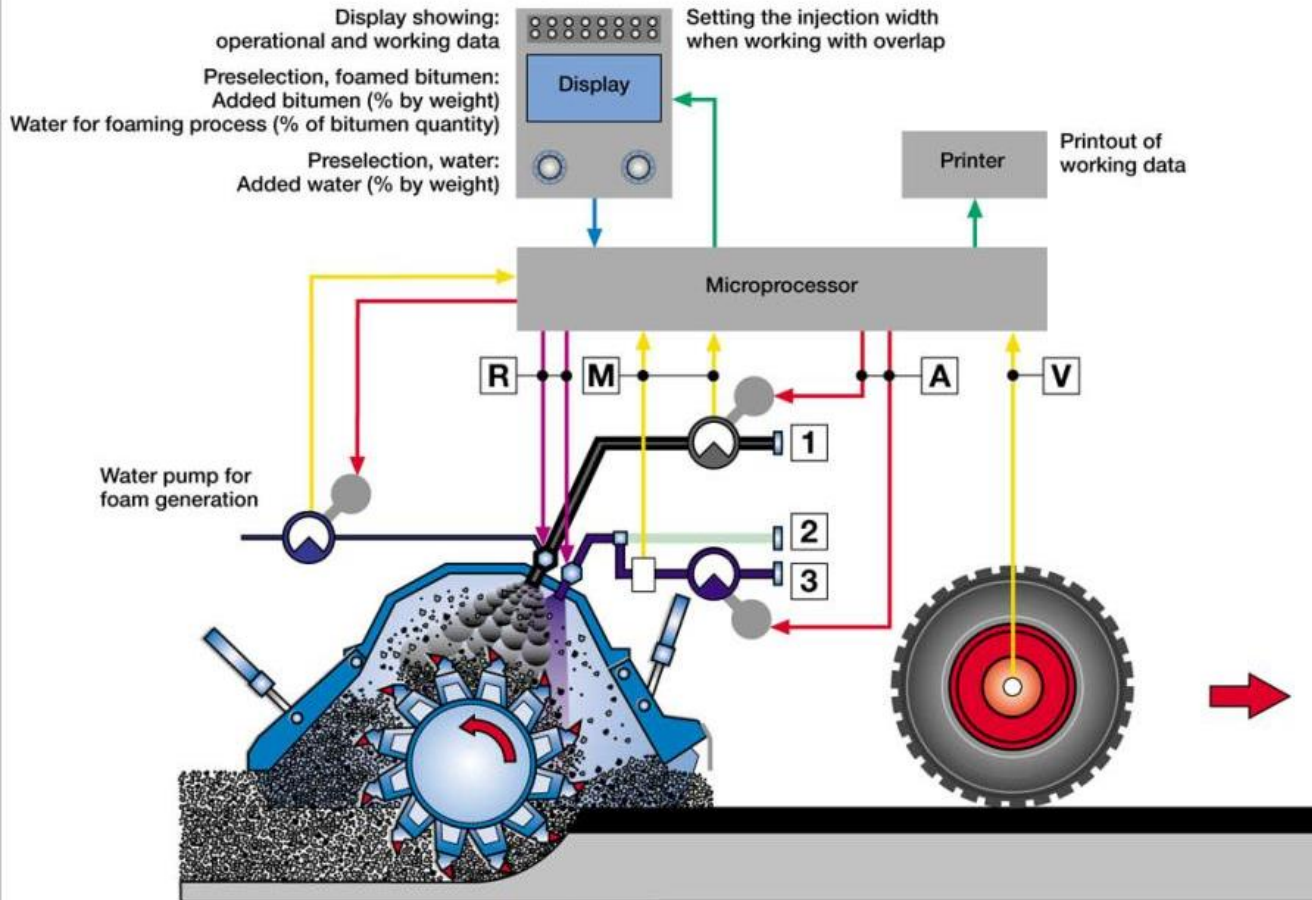


HIGHWAY 20, STATE OF CALIFORNIA  
20 LANE MILES RECONSTRUCTED & REPAVED IN 20 DAYS

# RECYCLING TRAIN



# RECYCLER SCHEMATIC



**M** Measurement of the added bitumen and water

**R** Control of the pulsed nozzle cleaning function

**A** Control of the pumps for bitumen and water

**V** Measurement of the rate of advance

**1** Supply of hot bitumen or emulsion, if required

**2** Infeed of water-and-cement slurry

**3** Supply of water (to achieve optimum compaction)

# EXPECTED ADVANTAGES

- COST ?
- TIME: 8' WIDE PASS AT 8"-10" DEEP:  
≈ 30LF OF ROADWAY PER MINUTE.
- REDUCED CONSTRUCTION TRUCK TRAFFIC
  - 255 TRIPS(FOAMED) VERSUS 1,430 TRIPS(CONVENTIONAL)  
REDUCTION OF 1,175 TRIPS (80% REDUCTION)
- NO BARRIER CURB REQUIRED

# PAVEMENT DESIGNS

- BID CONVENTIONAL CONSTRUCTION AND FOAMED ASPHALT AS EXCLUSIVE ALTERNATIVES
- CONVENTIONAL PAVEMENT SECTIONS (ALL SUPERPAVE):

US ROUTE 202 MAINLINE & SHOULDERS 5" BASE COURSE  
2.5" BINDER COURSE  
2" WEARING COURSE

ALL RAMPS 5" BASE COURSE  
2" WEARING COURSE

# PAVEMENT DESIGN

## FOAMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT SECTIONS

### US ROUTE 202 MAINLINE & SHOULDERS

- 8" FOAMED ASPHALT STABILIZED BASE COURSE, 2.2% PG 64-22 & 1.5% CEMENT (BY WEIGHT)
- 2" SUPERPAVE HMA WEARING COURSE

### ALL RAMPS

- 6" FOAMED ASPHALT STABILIZED BASE COURSE, 2.2% PG 64-22 & 1.5% CEMENT (BY WEIGHT)
- 2" SUPERPAVE HMA WEARING COURSE



# PAVEMENT DESIGN

## FOAMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION

### ALL LOCATIONS

- 2" MILL
- 2" SUPERPAVE HMA WEARING COURSE

### US ROUTE 202 MAINLINE

- INITIAL 10" DEEP PULVERIZATION & COMPACTION PASS
- FINAL 8" DEEP FOAMED ASPHALT PASS

### US ROUTE 202 SHOULDERS

- INITIAL 8" DEEP PULVERIZATION & COMPACTION PASS
- FINAL 8" DEEP FOAMED ASPHALT PASS

### ALL RAMPS

- INITIAL 6" DEEP PULVERIZATION & COMPACTION PASS
- FINAL 6" DEEP FOAMED ASPHALT PASS

# CONSTRUCTION DURATION

- 5 DAY CLOSURES (M-F) ON RAMPS
- 12 DAY CLOSURE ON 202 SB
- 202 NB MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES
- ALLOWED 1 NJ AND 1 PA RAMP CLOSURE CONCURRENTLY BUT NOT REQUIRED
- MAX TRAFFIC DETOUR 35 WD (37 CD)

# BID RESULTS

FOAMED ASPHALT	CONVENTIONAL
Bid 1 - \$1,112,198	Bid - \$2,788,360
Bid 2 - \$1,280,095	
Bid 3 - \$1,519,139	
Bid 4 - \$1,751,326	

- DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FOAMED ASPHALT LOW BID & CONVENTIONAL  
= \$1,676,162 (60% REDUCTION)

# SUMMARY OF ADVANTAGES

- COST \$1,112,198 VS \$2,780,360,  
SAVINGS OF \$1,676,162 OR 60 %
- COMPLETED 33,000 SQUARE YARDS IN 25 WORKING DAYS
- TRUCK REDUCTION: 270 TRUCKS\* VS 1,430 TRUCKS  
RESULTING IN A REDUCTION OF 1,160 TRUCKS = 80% REDUCTION

\*SLIGHT INCREASE FROM ESTIMATED DUE TO EXCESS MATERIAL

# CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS

- DAY1: MILLING
- DAY 2: CATERPILLAR PULVERIZER  
20T SHEEPSFOOT ROLLER  
GRADER  
SMOOTH DRUM ROLLER
- DAY 3: PORTLAND CEMENT TRUCK SPREADER  
FOAMED ASPHALT TRAIN  
20T SHEEPSFOOT ROLLER  
GRADER  
SMOOTH DRUM ROLLER  
RUBBER TIRE ROLLER
- DAY 4: OVERLAY

# PROGRESS PHOTOS



# PROGRESS PHOTOS



# PROGRESS PHOTOS





# PROGRESS PHOTOS



# PROGRESS PHOTOS



# PROGRESS PHOTOS



# PROGRESS PHOTOS



# ISSUES/CHALLENGES/LESSONS LEARNED

## DESIGN PROCESS

- HOW DO YOU DESIGN FOAMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT SECTION?
  - NOT HMA AND HAS NOT YET BEEN ADDRESSED IN CURRENT MECHANISTIC/EMPIRICAL PROCESS (AASHTO WARE PAVEMENT ME). NEED TO USE 1993 AASHTO EMPIRICAL METHOD.
- NEED MIX DESIGN. NO DOT GUIDANCE. USED WIRTGEN TECHNICAL MANUAL
- NEED SAMPLES TO DEVELOP MIX DESIGN .
  - CORES AND BAG SAMPLES ALTERNATIVES
  - BEFORE OR AFTER BID?

# SOLUTION

- CHERRY, WEBER & ASSOCIATES SPECIFIES MINIMUM NUMBER OF HOT MIX DESIGNS (3), PROCEDURE TO DEVELOP MIX DESIGN (WIRTGEN PROCESS), RANGE OF AC/CEMENT.
- CONTRACTOR OBTAINS SAMPLES & PREPARES MIX DESIGNS FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL (INCLUDES RECOMMENDED COMPACTION)
- CHERRY, WEBER & ASSOCIATES USES MIX DESIGNS & FINALIZES PAVEMENT DESIGN
- FOR BIDDING, USED CONSERVATIVE ESTIMATES OF AC (3% WEIGHT) AND CEMENT (2% WEIGHT). NON PAY ADJUSTED ITEMS. ALSO ASSUMED 10" PULVERIZATION.

# EXPANSION ISSUES

- FOAMED ASPHALT EXPANDS, NOT HMA
- EXTENT NOT REALLY DETERMINABLE AS BASED ON CONSTITUENT MATERIALS
- WIRTGEN TECH REP RECOMMENDED 3" MILL WITH VARIABLE THICKNESS OVERLAY
- CONCERN ABOUT LOSS OF MATERIAL FOR MIX, HELD 2" MILL

# RESULT

- HAD TO REMOVE ABOUT 10-15 TANDEM OF MATERIAL AFTER PULVERIZING
- NEXT TIME:
  - NO MILL
  - PULVERIZE ENTIRE THICKNESS (PRESERVES HMA)
  - GRADE AND REMOVE EXCESS
- HOW- TRADITIONAL LOADER, CONVEYER SYSTEM VERY EFFECTIVE



# CONSTRUCTION CONTROL

- FOAMED ASPHALT IS EQUIVALENT OF FULL DEPTH RECONSTRUCTION PROJECTS. NEED SAME SURVEY CONTROL DURING GRADING
- NOT!! A MILLING PROJECT

# WEATHER LIMITATIONS

- NO OPERATIONS BELOW 50°F OR IF TEMPERATURES PREDICTED TO FALL BELOW 40°F WITHIN 24 HOURS.
- WATCH MOISTURE CONTENT OF MATERIAL

# COMPACTION, COMPACTION, COMPACTION

- KEY TO SUCCESS
- NUCLEAR DENSITY GAUGES WERE OUR FRIENDS
- FOR RT 202 INITIAL COMPACTION ON 10" DEEP SECTION, 137 PCF, 95 %, MP
- FOR FOAMED ASPHALT LAYERS, VARIED COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS
  - MAINLINE 131 PCF, 98% MP
  - PA RAMPS 136 PCF, 98% MP
  - NJ RAMPS 137 PCF., 98% MP

# OPENING TO TRAFFIC

CALTRANS RT 80 SAME DAY OPENING



**Recycled  
Shoulder**

**Original  
Pavement**

**Recycled  
No 1 & 2 Lanes  
Fog Seal Only**

**Recycled  
Shoulder**

# MISCELLANEOUS ISSUES

- VARIABLE EXISTING HMA LAYERS NOT A PROBLEM
- WORKED AROUND INLETS
- WIDTH RESTRICTIONS
  - 8' DRUM BUT 10' WORKING WIDTH DUE TO GEAR BOX. LEFT SIDE IS FLUSH
  - POSSIBLE CONFLICT WITH GUIDERAIL BUT CAN RUN COUNTER TO TRAFFIC
- WEARING COURSE THICKNESS FOR FUTURE MILL

# FINAL THOUGHTS

- NOT A NEW PROCESS. TRACK RECORD IS OUT THERE.
- DESIGNED SYSTEM THAT OFFERS FLEXIBILITY
- REMEMBER THAT THE RECYCLER IS THE EQUIVALENT OF A HOT MIX PLANT
- SHOULD SPECIFY RANGE OF ASPHALT CEMENT AND PORTLAND CEMENT FOR MIX DESIGNS. ALSO LEANING TOWARDS 1% PORTLAND.
- DEFINITELY USE FOG COAT/SAND IF YOU WANT TO RUN ON FA PRIOR TO PAVING
- CAN REPEAT PROCESS AT ANY TIME

# QUESTIONS ??

